

KEVICC Key Stage 4 Curriculum Subject: Mathematics			Key Vocabulary and notation.	
Summer Half-Term				
Term: Year 10 Summer Term – Block One		Topic: Rearranging a Formulae		
What is the essential knowledge from this unit? What do students need to remember and understand?				
	Specification content	Specification notes		
A5	Understand and use standard mathematical formulae <ul style="list-style-type: none">Rearrange formulae to change the subject	including use of formulae from other subjects in words and using symbols		
Students should be able to: <ul style="list-style-type: none">understand and use formulae from maths and other subjects expressed initially in words and then using letters and symbols. For example, formula for area of a triangle, area of a parallelogram, area of a circle, volume of a prism, conversions between measures, wage earned = hours worked × hourly rate + bonuschange the subject of a formula.			Expression Unknown Simplify Solution Term FOIL Substitute Side Coefficient Form Equivalent Unknown Positive Check Negative Inequality Directed Satisfy Substitute Solution set Solve Greater/less Simplify than (or Expand equal) Multiply out Inequality Bracket Form Identity Balance Product Formula Factor Variable Factorise Subject Factorise Factor fully Identities Common Terms Common Expanding factor products Make the Surds subject of Quadratics Unlike terms $x^2 + bx + c$ Binomial $(x \pm a)(x \pm b)$ Simplify $ax^2 + bx + c$ Solve $(cx \pm a)(dx \pm b)$ Equation Mathematical questioning should be designed to unpick the structure of the maths and deepen the student's understanding. When students talk about mathematical concepts, they should develop the vital mathematical language that helps them explain their ideas fully. Students are expected and encouraged to use terminology during all discussions, verbal feedback and in written content.	
What prior learning supports understanding of this content? <ul style="list-style-type: none">Simplify and manipulate algebraic expressions (including those involving surds) by:<ul style="list-style-type: none">Collecting like terms.Multiplying a single term over a bracket.Taking out common factors.Expanding products of two binomials.Factorising quadratic expressions of the form $x^2 + bx + c$ including the difference of two squares.Simplifying expressions involving sums, products, and powers, including the laws of indices.			How does this content link to future learning? <ul style="list-style-type: none">Work with co-ordinates in all four quadrants.Plot graphs of equations that correspond to straight-line graphs in the coordinate plane; Use the form $y = mx + c$ to identify parallel lines and perpendicular lines.Find the equation of the line through two given points, or through one point with a given gradient.Identify and interpret gradients and intercepts of linear functions graphically and algebraically.	

<p>Reading: <i>Where in the unit are students supported to read complex academic text?</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Reading and understanding mathematical questions and problems' – teacher input. • Decoding complex examination questions - explain what they are asking the student to do' – teacher input. • Following instructions to solve problems - break down the tasks – teacher input. • Recognising terminology, numbers, and symbols. 	<p>Writing: <i>Independent writing tasks and how they are structured</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Using the correct subject specific terminology for numbers and symbols – examination papers, class books. • Responding to questions that ask for an explanation or a reason – examination papers, class books. • Self-evaluation, reviewing, reflecting and analysis of own work – class books, personalised learning checklists and analysis. • Creating notes that can be used later for revision purposes - class books, revision cards, mind maps etc.
<p>Key assessments:</p> <p>How will do students review the information learned?</p> <p>End of block assessments.</p> <p>AQA end of block assessments provide a quick progress check at the end of each block of learning to make sure students have understood the content being covered. These are available for both foundation and higher tiers.</p> <p>End of term/year assessments and mock examinations.</p> <p>End of term assessments assessing the students' progress towards targets and provide diagnostic information to modify future teaching.</p> <p>End of year 9 and 10 examinations assessing the students' progress towards targets and provide diagnostic information to modify future teaching.</p> <p>Two mock examinations seasons take place during year 11 using previous years AQA 8300 examination papers. Students to experience the full suite of papers at both Foundation and higher tiers using Non-calculator and Calculator requirements.</p> <p>All examinations will explore the three examination papers at both foundation and higher tiers using non-calculator and calculator requirements.</p> <p>How will feedback be seen?</p> <p>Marked end of block, term assessments and mock examinations.</p> <p>Personalised learning checklists for all assessments identifying strengths and areas of development.</p> <p>Written teacher feedback and marking in compliance with faculty and College Marking Policies. Student responses to marking. Students self-mark using purple pen. Verbal feedback given every lesson from teacher and peers as appropriate. Teacher and student self-assessment of presentation of class books will be completed to ensure written work is of high standard and students are achieving their potential.</p>	