KEVICC Key Stage 4 Curriculum Subject: Mathematics				Key Vocabulary and notation.		
		Spring Half-Term				
Term: Year 10 Spring Term – Block Two Topic: Congruence and Similarity				SSS	Congruent	
What is the essential knowledge from this unit? What do students need to remember and understand?				Side – side-	Similar	
vnat a	o students need to remember and	unaerstana?		side	Scale factor	
	Specification content	Specification note	es	ASA	In proportion	
				Angle-side-	Ratio	
G5 <u>Use the basic congruence criteria for triangles (SSS, SAS, ASA, RHS)</u>				angle	Corresponding	
Students should be able to:				SAS	Length scale	
understand congruence				Side-Angle-	factor	
<ul> <li>identify shapes that are congruent</li> <li>understand and use conditions for congruent triangles: SSS, SAS, ASA and RHS</li> </ul>				Side	Parallel	
recognise congruent shapes when rotated, reflected or in different orientations				RHS	Alternate	
understand and use SSS, SAS, ASA and RHS conditions to prove the congruence of triangles using formal arguments, and to verify standard ruler and compass constructions.				Right angle-	angles	
				hypotenuse-	Corresponding	
G6	Apply angle facts, triangle congruence, similarity and properties of quadrilaterals to conjecture and derive results about angles and sides including Pythagoras' Theorem and the fact that the base angles of an isosceles triangle are equal, and use known results to obtain simple proofs			side	angles	
				Conditions	Enlarge	
				of	Length scale	
Students should be able to:				congruence	factor	
understand similarity				Object	Area scale	
<ul> <li>understand similarity of triangles and of other plane figures, and use this to make geometric inferences</li> </ul>				Image	factor	
identify shapes that are similar, including all squares, all circles, or all regular polygons with				Proportion	Volume scale	
	equal number of sides	ted reflected or in differe	ant orientations	Enlarge	factor	
apply mathematical reasoning, explaining, and justifying inferences and deductions				Mathematical questioning should be designed to unpick the structure of the maths and		
<ul> <li>show step-by-step deduction in solving a geometrical problem</li> <li>state constraints and give starting points when making deductions.</li> </ul>						
• s	state constraints and give starting points when making deductions.			deepen the student's		
Apply and use the concepts of congruence and similarity, including the relationships				understanding. talk about mat	When students	
	between lengths in similar figure	<u>8</u>		concepts, they	should develop	
Students should be able to:				the vital mathe		
understand the effect of enlargement on perimeter  work out the side of one shape that is similar to gnother shape given the ratio or eagle factor.				explain their ide	•	
<ul> <li>work out the side of one shape that is similar to another shape given the ratio or scale factor of lengths.</li> </ul>				Students are ex	rooted and	
				Students are expected and encouraged to use terminology		
				during all discu feedback and		
				content.	iii wiiiieii	
/hat p	rior learning supports understandir	ng of this content?	How does this content link to fut	ure learning?		
<ul> <li>Understand ratio and its link to multiplication.</li> <li>Use ratio notation.</li> <li>Know the formulae for: Pyth the trigonometric ratios,</li> </ul>				nagoras' theorem,	$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ , and	
	e ratio notation. Educe ratios to simplest form.		ine ingonometric ratios,			
Solve ratio problems. opposite opposite				$\frac{djacent}{dt}$ $tan\theta =$	opposite adjacent	
Review area and volume of shapes covered in key stage 3.						
	e of significant figures.	,	apply them to find angles of in two dimensional figures.	and lengths in right-	-angled triangles	
	g: Where in the unit are students s	upported to read	Writing: Independent writing tas			
complex academic text?  Reading and understanding mathematical questions and				<ul> <li>Using the correct subject specific terminology for numbers and symbols – examination papers, class books.</li> </ul>		
problems' – teacher input.			Responding to questions that ask for an explanation or a			
Decoding complex examination questions - explain what			reason – examination papers, class books.			
				evaluation, reviewing, reflecting and analysis of own work - s books, personalised learning checklists and analysis.		
tasks – teacher input. • Creat			<ul> <li>Creating notes that can be</li> </ul>	used later for revis		
Re	cognising terminology, numbers, o	and symbols.	class books, revision cards,	mind maps etc.		

## Key assessments:

How will do students review the information learned?

End of block assessments.

AQA end of block assessments provide a quick progress check at the end of each block of learning to make sure students have understood the content being covered. These are available for both foundation and higher tiers.

End of term/year assessments and mock examinations.

End of term assessments assessing the students' progress towards targets and provide diagnostic information to modify future teaching. End of year 9 and 10 examinations assessing the students' progress towards targets and provide diagnostic information to modify future teaching.

Two mock examinations seasons take place during year 11 using previous years AQA 8300 examination papers. Students to experience the full suite of papers at both Foundation and higher tiers using Non-calculator and Calculator requirements.

All examinations will explore the three examination papers at both foundation and higher tiers using non-calculator and calculator requirements.

## How will feedback be seen?

Marked end of block, term assessments and mock examinations.

Personalised learning checklists for all assessments identifying strengths and areas of development.

Written teacher feedback and marking in compliance with faculty and College Marking Policies. Student responses to marking. Students self-mark using purple pen. Verbal feedback given every lesson from teacher and peers as appropriate. Teacher and student self-assessment of presentation of class books will be completed to ensure written work is of high standard and students are achieving their potential.