KEVICC KS3 Curriculum:	Subject: English	Key terms and vocabulary.
	Topic: Power and Conflict: Protest	Bold = Tier 3 subject
Term: Autumn 2	Poetry	terminology
What is the essential knowledge from this unit?		Words are discussed and
Students will practice the skills of analysing and discussing the impact of poetry. The assessments are based on Literature paper 2 (Section B – Conflict Poetry comparison). There is lots of opportunity for discussion of contentious issues including race and body image. Students will also have opportunities for creative writing and poetry writing.		used within the lesson context and then revisit in the following lessons. Students are encourage to use these words in the assessments. Library lessons are also used to reinforce these words. They will be revisited a
writing and poetry writing.		minimum of four times in
Students will focus on simile, imager as revising all other figurative and st	y, personification and metaphor as well ructural methods.	the year. Persuasion, protest Anecdote
Alongside the scheme, students will have one lesson a fortnight on Media with a focus on viewpoint and bias.		Ignorance Democracy
What prior learning supports	How does this content link to future	Sibilance, Assonance
understanding of this content?	learning?	Juxtaposition Propaganda
All work from Year 7 and 8, especially the poetry work. Every scheme in 7 and 8 had a focus on writer's craft and how writing is deliberately written for impact and effect.	Students need to be able to read unfamiliar poetry texts and come up with meaning as well as picking out particular language and structural methods for analysis of impact. The focus throughout Year 9 is on 'power and conflict'. This will be a good grounding for GCSE Literature.	Entice, Superlative Connotations Condemnation Fatigue Semantic field Allude to, Imagery Disprove Exhaustion End stop, caesura
Reading : Where in the unit are students supported to read complex academic texts?	Writing: Independent writing tasks and how they are structured	Prose, persecution Oppression, subtle
Throughout the scheme: Strange Fruit (Holiday), The A Team (Sheeran), Who's for the Game (Pope), Dulce Et Decorum Est (Owen), Counter Attack (Sassoon), Black (Dave).	Changing poetry into prose - transformative writing, writing own protest poems using various stimuli, writing comparative paragraphs (using PEACE), writing analysis paragraphs (using PEZAL).	Crude, disparity Discourse marker embedded (quote) Sodden, blundering Summarise Visceral Graphic (imagery)
Review: How will learning be reviewed? How will feedback be received?		Emotive, Perception Traumatised

Posthumously

Discriminatory Barbaric

Direct address

colloquial language

Collective pronoun

Griot, reputable

Peer and Self-Assessment throughout the scheme.

Lesson 10 – GCSE style question (Comparison of Who's for the Game and Dulce et Decorum Est.) and then another in Lesson 18 at the end of the scheme with opportunity to act on targets and improve writing for summative assessment.